Logistics & The Blue Economy in the 21 Century

- The 21 Century
 - Environment
 - Safety
 - Audit

- Maritime Logistics
 - Shipping
 - Port

Maritime Logistics & Blue Economy

- Shipping is a derived demand from Trade
 - Over 80% world trade and Thai trade depend on sea transport

- Ship facilitates TRADE
 - No trade -- No ship
 - No ship ----No Port

Shipping

- Normal Business Operations
 - Oil spill
 - Cargo handling
 - Clean on board the ship

Supply Chain Risks

- Pirates/ Terrorists
- Natures
- Accidents

Port

- Normal Business Operations
 - ด้านกายภาพ
 - ด้านการปฏิบัติการ (Handling)
- Supply Chain Risks: Pirates/ Terrorists & Natures
- Accidents

องค์กรระหว่างประเทศที่มีบทบาทหลักในเรื่อง Maritime Logistics & Blue Economy

- International Maritime Organization (IMO)
 - Safe Ship
 - Clean Ocean

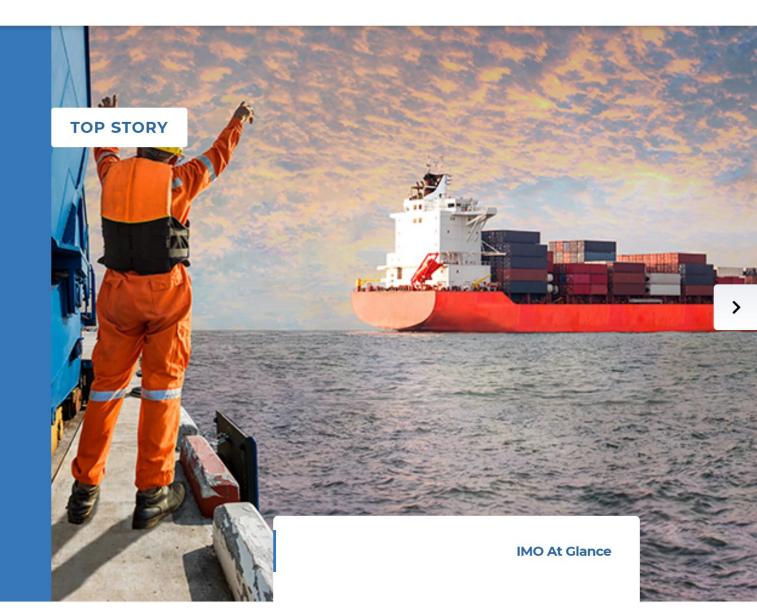
IMO – the International Maritime Organization – is the United Nations specialized agency with responsibility for the safety and security of shipping and the prevention of marine and atmospheric pollution by ships. IMO's work supports the UN sustainable development goals.

Contact us | Careers

World Maritime Theme 2024: "Navigating the future: safety first!"

Maritime safety in an era of new technologies and alternative fuels central to IMO World Maritime Theme for 2024.

FIND OUT MORE >







IMO's work to cut GHG emissions from ships

READ MORE >



FAQ - EEXI and CII - ship carbon intensity and rating system

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World Maritime theme 2023

READ MORE >



FSO SAFER - operation underway to address oil spill risk

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• The theme "MARPOL at 50 – Our commitment goes on" aims to promote further dialogue on the next phase of IMO's work to further enhance the sustainable use and protection of our planet and oceans in line with the UN 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and the 17 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

* the MARPOL Convention was adopted in 1973



































How does IMO's marine protection treaty make a difference?



The International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL) contains six annexes:





ANNEX I
Prevention of Pollution by Oil
(entered into force 2 October 1983)



SEWAGE

ANNEX IV

Prevention of Pollution by
Sewage from Ships (entered into force 27 September 2003)



NOXIOUS LIQUID SUBSTANCES



Control of Pollution by Noxious Liquid Substances in Bulk (entered into force 2 October 1983)



GARBAGE

ANNEX V

Prevention of Pollution by Garbage from Ships (entered into force 31 December 1988)



HARMFUL SUBSTANCES

ANNEX III

Prevention of Pollution by Harmful Substances Carried by Sea in Packaged Form (entered into force 1 July 1992)



AIR

ANNEX VI

Prevention of Air Pollution from Ships (entered into force 19 May 2005)

Q

Marine **Environment**

- Pollution Prevention
- Pollution Preparedness and Response
- Ballast Water Management
- Biofouling

Anti-fouling systems

Ship Recycling

Port Reception facilities

Special Areas under MARPOL

Particularly Sensitive Sea Areas

London Convention and Protocol

Marine Environment

Home → Our Work → Marine Environment



Shipping – which transports about 90% of global trade – is, statistically, the least

Downloads

Related Links

กฎหมายเกี่ยวกับความปลอดภัยของการเดินเรื่อ

- National Laws
 - พรบเดินเรือในน่านน้ำไทย 2456
- International Laws
 - IMO Conventions

IMO Conventions

- International Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea (SOLAS)
- (International convention on Load Lines (Load Line)
- International Convention on Standards of Training, Certification and Watchkeeping for Seafarers (STCW)
- •
- •
- International Safety Management (ISM)
- MARPOL (Maritime Pollution)

MARPOL

- 1 การป้องกันมลพิษจากน้ำมัน
- 2. การป้องกันมลพิษจากสารเคมีเหลวที่บรรทุกในระวาง
- 3. การป้องกันมลพิษจากสารอันตรายที่บรรจุหีบห่อ
- 4. การป้องกันมลพิษจากน้ำเสียของเรือ
- 5. การป้องกันมลพิษจากจากขยะของเรือ
- 6. การป้องกันมลพิษทางอากาศจากเรือ
- 7. การป้องกันมลพิษจากน้ำอับเฉาเรือ/น้ำถ่วงเรือ (Ballast Water)